

## FISHING FORMS PART OF PREMIER BORDEN'S PHILOSOPHY

By H. F. G.

Politicians at the capital are much interested in Premier Borden's new way of fishing through bygone fishing. Close observers believe that Premier has passed through three stages in his treatment of public affairs and that fishing is the best one of the three.

Very early in the game, the Premier was still unsuccessful to power, he developed Job's ailment when he got into the water. That is to say when he went into the water in the House of Commons he came to a boil.

In persons of strong character like Job and Premier Borden this is not an affliction so much as a personal expression of indignation at another's failure.

But this phase of statecraft was soon outgrown and the Premier retired upon the next stage of his evolution which was a certain series of retort when pestered by the opposition.

This stage did not last long because the Premier is a fisherman and the Premier's first and perfect stage has been achieved by the Premier—he is a philosopher and he is going fishing to escape Bob Rogers' importunities about him.

Now, however, the Premier has been brought back to the Premier's life by the Premier's life.

Each, in his own fashion, is a typical story when Premier Borden's grafts on their own.

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lab on Parliament Hill it is an equally good piece for Parliament Hill to keep in at Kingman. A conspicuous figure in public life like Premier Borden could not stand on the ridge of Laurentian Mountains at Kingman and escape notice from the West.

Block. If Bob Rogers had a lot thought to communicate he would make even less of that eleven miles from the crew does and then Premier Borden's peace of mind would be shattered.

The weight of evidence is that Premier Borden's hiding place is somewhere in the lowlands where he can let well enough alone without observation from those who would make it worse by a general election. The call of the wild is, of course, a mere excuse because Bob Rogers and Doctor Reid are calling wildly enough to suit any body with an ear for that kind of music.

Getting next to nature is another pretext that won't wash because there is plenty of nature right in the heart of the city.

The beauty of spring. The grass and trees are as green as a newly elected M.P., the skies as blue as a Finance Minister's White's outlook, the sun is as purple as a porcupine by R. B. Bennett.

The river sparkles like a silver shield and Dumpy Murphy's halcyon drive upon the river.

The river has been turned on again. Now that the warm waters have come the sunsets, always highly successful, can be viewed with comfort. The moonlight is at its old work and the Ottawa posts are tuning up.

The Chateau Laurier has spread its wings and the noble people in the city are in the city.

In fact Ottawa is at her best. All of which goes to show that it wasn't nature Premier Borden wanted to get next to but a certain element of human nature that he wanted to dodge when he went fishing.

The Premier learns from the fish how to run the Dominion of Canada. He never breaks from their placid disposition, their unblinking outlook on earthly affairs and their occasional eagerness when the bait is big enough as for example when one hundred and fifty million dollars is to be distributed among Conservative patriots with things to sell.

Fishing is part of Premier Borden's philosophy—it is the natural and visible sign of a lot of hard thinking. It will be the Premier's fate, it is every angler's, to have the biggest fish get away, but what is his story about Bob Rogers? He had a general election get away from him after he actually had in on the book?

Being a philosopher Premier Borden naturally has a philosopher behind him to sit on the lid. Sir George Foster is the acting premier. Sir George has passed the dangerous area. No more tests of critics for him, no more feverish testimonies from Sir Mackenzie Bowell. Sir George is now a philosopher pure and simple.

He looks back at politics over his shoulder before he is to leave behind him a Sir George Perley, who is warning a chair for somebody in the High Commissioner's office in London.

Our philosopher can trust that the Premier does not have the greatest confidence in Sir George Foster.

Meanwhile practical measures are being taken. Before Premier Borden went fishing a great howl had come from Toronto against a general election. It was felt in Ottawa that Toronto could be well be well because Premier Borden had said a word against a Conservative Government.

Past experience was that Toronto would swallow anything so that these men, a weak stomach was feared with alarm. Two days after Premier Borden disappeared with rod and reel Bob Rogers was asking Toronto to hold out her tongue, and Tom White was feeling her pulse.

The consultants foregathered at the King Edward Hotel and the verdict was that Ottawa would have to go slow.

Bob Rogers was particularly alarmed. It seems that Winnipeg and

other large cities are developing the same symptoms—violent retching and nausea. In fact somebody or something threatens to take the Win out of Winnipeg for Bob Rogers and he is in fear of operations on the potest at once.

Prospects Good For Bumper Crop In Canada

The first crop report issued for the season by the Census and Statistics office of the Canadian Government, dated chiefly with the area and condition of the fall wheat crop and the progress of spring seedling up to the end of April.

Owing to the mild winter and the favorable conditions which prevailed during the critical months of March and April, the fall wheat crop is reported as being exceptionally good on April 30. In Ontario, where 1,048,000 acres were sown as estimated last fall, not more than 6.5 p. c. is reported as winter killed, and in Alberta, with 230,000 acres estimated as sown, the proportion winter killed is only 4.2 p. c.

These figures, collected from right across the country, indicate a record for Ontario and lower than in any previous year on record for Alberta.

## A Great Factor In Home Building

The object of the Women's Institute of Alberta is primarily the betterment of the home. Promotion of health, comfort, happiness and efficiency of the community marks the result.

The Institute disseminates knowledge relating to domestic science, house-furnishing, home sanitation, a better understanding of the value of food, fuel and clothing, and a more scientific care and training of children with a view to raising the standard of health and morals; on the carrying on of any line of work which is for the betterment of home or community.

This is summed up in the motto: "For Home and Country."

The most important factor in the home is the woman at the head of it. Then how important that that woman should be efficient, that she should keep abreast of the world and its interests, that she should realize that housekeeping is not home-making, but that home-making is good housekeeping; that housekeeping, like everything else, is pleasure or drudgery, just according to the amount of brains put into it. By studying the Institute's meetings, new ideas are received along these lines, because there the knowledge and intent of the women, whether it be literary, scientific or that of practical experience, becomes a common source of information for each member of the society.

In this way the Institute is of great service to the community, and the value of organization of home duties away from that of working in a haphazard way.

For the least amount of benefit to the social side. It enables all the women in a community, regardless of creed, class or nationality, to meet together and discuss their problems, abilities, and give members a chance to tell others what experience has taught them. Self confidence grows as the members take part in discussion, thus overcoming the fear of their own voices. In short, the need for co-operation in the social fields is as indispensable as in the business and domestic fields is this true in rural communities.

A genuine wide awake Institute will help to break down class and resulting jealousies, it will unite the men and women in a common cause, it will engender friendliness and spread useful information, as well as develop the true neighborly spirit that should exist in our land.

The work should be taken up on the board basis that it will benefit every part of the home life in every stage of its development, it will give a new life and all kinds of work. The field of effort is unlimited, it only remains for our women to realize the great possibilities of the work.

INDUSTRIAL SALVATION

An Exchange says—Blind to the plucky old fact, our economic life, man has been stumbling along trying to solve the heavy problems of the country's prosperity without taking stock of the amount of material waste in our own's skirts. There has been an inkling of this trouble all along but the tight skirt has not been here before brought home to us, as it is now.

In France the Government planned with the makers of women's fashions to widen women's skirts so that the mills could run full time and give employment to thousands of unemployed. Not until fashion was ready however, did the ameliorating decree come forth. The tight skirt is doomed and the era of the full skirt is upon us. Prosperity will smile upon our broad land and "terrible trade conditions caused by the tight skirt will no longer prevail."

Thus, in the saving of personal gain, there is industrial salvation at hand.

What the War Means to Farmers

It is estimated that farmers in the middle west of the United States have received in the last few months, on account of the war, \$200,000,000 more than they had expected for their

## Number of Local Residents Get New Ford Cars

D. B. Vanhorn struck a new note in the automobile business in Clareholm, when he received a carload of new Ford cars direct from the factory on Friday, for Monday and Tuesday for each member of the society.

Mr. Vanhorn has four cars already sold which cannot be delivered at once and he says anyone thinking of getting a Ford ought to wait to see him at once so he can send in the order right away and have them all shipped with the next shipment, which will be here at an early date.

BURY THE RUBBISH

In travelling over western lines one is impressed with the fact that in the majority of cases of the small towns and villages the dumping ground for rubbish is in the center of the town.

Dead cats and dogs is up next to the railway right of way, especially if there is a hole in the ground to fill up. While this does not particular harm anybody, it is not a pleasant sight to passengers travelling through the country, and is disagreeable in many places where they have not only selected such a place for the dumping ground, but also for a "nuisance ground," and frequently one sees a dead horse just outside of a town and close to the railway fence.

There is really no reason why such conditions should exist, as a suitable site could easily be secured at a more remote point if attention is drawn to the matter. A prominent railway official informed The Review that he had often heard passengers complain of these disagreeable sights. There should be a law that municipalities or persons making a nuisance ground of a public highway, or near to a railway track, should be liable to a severe penalty.

Second Stampede at Gleichen

Gleichen has from the extraordinary measure of success which attended their Stampede, decided to hold another this year. The one in 1914 was supposed not only in a financial way but from a spectacular view to surpass the one of 1914.

In as much as a good many of the Western Canadian cowboy riders are now serving their country in uniforms at the front or in training camps, the promoters claim they are not actuated by any motive of personal gain. It is their intention that should their be a profit fifty per cent shall be turned over to be distributed among injured Canadian cowboys and the widows and orphans of the soldiers.

They are said to be preparing for greater things than those of the Calgary and Winnipeg Stampede or their kind. Stampede of last year, the dates are fixed for June 24 and 25.

## COMMITTEE ARRANGE SPORTS

The committee in charge of the sports to take place here June 2, held a meeting yesterday afternoon and the following events were arranged.

Baseball tournament, Grain Belt, Chew Lake, Meadow Creek and Willow Creek.

Football match friar-friar men vs. single men.

One-half mile free-for-all (best 2 in 3) first prize \$7.00 second prize \$5.00.

One-half mile three minute trot (best 2 in 3) first prize \$7.00 second prize \$5.00.

Cowboy dash one-half mile first prize \$5.00.

Boys pony race one-half mile dash, 100-yard dash, boys under 16, 50-yard dash, boys under 12, 50-yard dash, men over 40 years.

School girls race, under 15 years, 100-yard dash, girls, under 10 years, tug of war, town vs. country, eight men on side.

Suitable prizes will be awarded for all the above events, where prizes are not mentioned.

The committee for the day are as follows: Horse and grounds—D. B. Vanhorn, F. Reynolds and J. E. Moffatt.

Sports—E. G. Barber, W. J. MacKenzie and R. E. Moffatt.

Prizes—N. G. Holmes, Wm. Knight and L. A. Perry.

\$150.00 DAMAGES

W. C. Blomholm was awakened early Friday morning by smoke pouring into his room. It was soon discovered that the fire had originated in an incubator which was in the basement and was fast spreading to other parts of the house. The call for the fire department was sent in, and in a few minutes chemical wagon No. 1 drew by the motor car of Messrs. Walls & Price was soon on the scene, followed shortly by the hose reel. The flames were soon under control and in about an hour the department were back at the fire hall. The damage is estimated to be about \$150.00.

Miss Coverdale Honored Guest

Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Breerton gave a progressive whist party, last Thursday evening, in honor of Miss Anush Coverdale, who leaves for her home in Lacombe on Saturday. The guests arrived about nine o'clock and were seated around five tables and the evening was spent in playing whist, which lasted about two hours, after which a most delicious lunch consisting of salad, sandwiches, cake, ice cream and coffee was served. After supper Miss E. Knight gave several well-rendered vocal solos and Wm. Moffatt played some selections on the piano, and altogether the evening was one which could not help but put one in such spirits as to forget the inclemency of the weather on the outside. The guests were only reminded of their host when they were ready to return home in the early hours of the morning. The best wishes of the whole party go with Miss Coverdale on her departure.

FIREMEN AGAIN WIN

Monday evening last the firemen were called for the second time. The one in 1914 was supposed not only in a financial way but from a spectacular view to surpass the one of 1914.

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FOR SALE CHEAP

N. E. quarter of section 11, Township 15 N. Range 26, West of 4th Meridian. Inquired of M. E. Dill, Clareholm, Wis.

5-2-15











## NEW TRAIN SERVICE

The following is the new schedule for Claresholm train service to be in effect May 30, trains from the south will arrive at 10:12 in the morning and in the evening at 8 o'clock, from the north, trains will arrive in the morning at 11:18 and at 8 o'clock in the evening.

## HOW WE STAND

We wish it to be expressly understood that the articles which appeared in these columns for the last two weeks, entitled respectively "Farmers and the financial aspects of the proposed Liquor Act," and "The Liquor License: Outcomes and the Liquor Act: Some Comparisons," were published as advertising matter and designated as such by the usual advertising marks at the close, and that any matter published in this paper dealing with the vote on the Liquor Act which will be taken throughout the Province on July 21st is not editorial opinion unless expressly stated to be such.

The question which will come before the electors on July 21st is a debatable one, as is recognized by the taking of a vote on it, and therefore we believe that its only right to allow the public to see both sides of the question, so that they may be able to judge intelligently of the argument on both sides. Those who are against the Act have chosen to bring their arguments to the electors, to some extent at least, through the medium of advertisements in the public press, and our columns are open to both sides on the same basis.

In conclusion we would counsel the

public to take every opportunity of sifting up the arguments for and against the enactment of the new Act, which will be presented to them through the medium of the platform and the press between now and July 21st.

## Rocky Mountain Resort Will Have Stampede

The celebrated Rocky Mountain resort, Banff, Alberta, will this summer have an added attraction in the shape of a "Stampede," or frontier-day celebration. It will be arranged by H. C. McMillen, who managed the Calgary Stampede, one of the very big and best events of its kind three years ago. A big arena has been built, and a grand stand capable of accommodating one thousand people is almost completed. The best riders and ropers of the continent will be secured as well as a large number of Indians. Two performances will be given throughout the tourist season.

## THE CLAY GOD

The Clay God in his Hell of Heaven is the unusually striking name of a pamphlet written by Joseph Stafford of Calgary, which summarizes present conditions in Western Canada rather bitterly. One truth the writer brings home, which we put him on the back for, is the scant attention agriculture has actually received in this country. The farmers have received sufficient verbal and written support to fill all Old Man Carnegie's libraries, but very little actual support in the way of capital.

## SOME TRUTH

There is more truth than poetry in the following from Newkirk's "All Sorts" column of the Boston Post: "The editor of one of our esteemed contemporaries recently received from a subscriber a postal card reading as follows: 'Please send me a few copies of your paper containing the obituary notice of my aunt. Also publish the enclosed obituary notice of the marriage of my niece who lives in France. When I was in your town last week I called at your office and chatted with you over an hour and yet you made no mention of it in your paper the week following. Why was that? Also I wish you would mention in your columns (if it is not too east anything) that I have two bull calves for sale. I might add in conclusion that as my subscription has expired you may please stop my paper. Times are too bad to waste money on newspapers.'"

## THE BASEBALL GAME

The game opened with Molasses at the stick and Smallop catching. Cigar was in the box with plenty of money. Horn played first base and Fiddle on second base, with Corn in the field, made it hot for the umpire. Apple, who was rotten. Ase came to bat and dropped. Cigar let Brick walk, and Smallop filled the bases. Soap made a hit and twenty scored. Cigar went out and Balloon started to pitch, but went straight up. Then Cherry tried, but went wild. Old Ice kept cool in the game until he was hit by a pitched ball, then you ought to have heard Ice scream. Cabbage had a good head and kept quiet. Grass covered lots of ground and Crow cheered when Spider caught a fly. Bread loafed on third base and bumped Horn, who played a fast game and put out Lightning in the fifth inning. Wind began to blow about the time he could do. Hammer began to knock and Trees began to leave. The way they roared Peasants was a fright. Kalle was put out for fouling first. Lightning finished pitching and put out six men. Trombone made a slide and Meat was put out on the plie. There was a lot of betting on the game, but Soap cleaned up. The score was 2-1. Door said if he had pitched he would have shut them out.

## No Heart in It.

A broad street employer of a temporary stenographer is a man of practical sense and real kindness who wants the girl to succeed at her business. The other day he called her into his private office and had a fatherly talk with her. Later one of her colleagues in the same building met her in the elevator. "Say, Gladys," she said, "what's this about your leaving a heart to heart talk with you this morning?" "Heart nothing," responded the stenographer, "tossing her head back like an ostrich of war." "What he wanted to do wasn't no more heart in it than there is in a slab of liver at a ten cent bakery. Now?" "What is one reason why girl stenographers can't be used at 25 a week?"—New York Sun.

## CARLY BANK RUNS.

The Dutch Fleet in the Thames started One in London, in 1826. The first one of which we have any record in the history of banking occurred in last year's bank. It was a very small one. As first the bank of England, with the bank of Scotland and the bank of Ireland, were closed—London's standard.

## NOTICE

Take notice that the Tax Enforcement Return of the Rural Municipality of Argyle No. 36, Province of Alberta, was confirmed in respect of the herein described lands by the Court of Confirmation held at Grannum, on

the 17th day of June 1914, and unless such lands are redeemed on or before the 17th day of June 1915, the same will be absolutely forfeited for nonpayment of taxes.

S. W. 3-10-27 With; that portion of section 25-10-27 lying east of Willow Creek; N. W. 19-11-27 With; S. E. 2-10-26 With; E. S. E. 20-10-26 With; W. 1-11-10-25 With; N. E. 22-10-25 With; S. E. 30-11-25 With; N. E. 22-12-25 With; S. W. 25-12-25 With; S. E. 26-12-25 With; S. 31-12-25 With.

Dated at Claresholm, Alberta, this 3rd day of May 1915.  
A. H. TORRELL,  
5-3-15. See Trans. R. M. Argyle No. 50

## FOR RENT

About 200 acres good grazing land, plenty of water and good fence. There is no other pasture land around this so that stock will be entirely alone. It is situated sixteen miles east of Claresholm, and ten miles southwest of Camanay. Apply 5-13-15 Mrs. B. COLLINS, Claresholm

## \$10.00 REWARD

Ten dollars reward will be paid for the return to Rutolph Koehler, gray mare, branded XX on right thigh, with black horse colt sucking.  
Rutolph Koehler,  
3-25-15 Claresholm.

## FOR SALE

Clean seed wheat, oats, and Western Rye grass.  
THE NOBLE FOUNDATION, Limited  
4-15-15. Nableford, Alta.

## STRAYED

From sec. 8-16-36, dark bay gelding, weight about 900, slim neck and head foretop clipped no brand, a lumpy little driver. Last seen six east miles of Stavelly. \$10 reward for recovery.  
5-6-15. Jas. J. Shaw, Nanton.

## HORSES STRAYED

Two bay mares, one weighing about 1000 lbs. with white spot on nose, black tail and mane and branded = bar half circle on left thigh. One weighing about 1400 lbs., with white stripe on face, two white hind feet, black tail and mane. Finder please notify by phone or mail.  
4-8-15. J. COLLEBATH, Stavelly.

## STRAYED

Strayed to R. Koehler's farm on or about the 26th of April, grey mare, heavy on knee brand D on left shoulder. Owner can have same by proving ownership and paying for this advertisement. 5-13-15.

# Military Horses WANTED

For the Canadian Government

RIDING HORSES: Age 5 to 10 Years; Height, 15-1 to 15-3 Hands; Weight, 1,050 to 1,250 Pounds.

ARTILLERY HORSES: Age 5 to 10 Years; Height, 15-2 to 16 Hands; Weight, 1,350 to 1,550 Pounds.

COLOURS: Bays, Browns, Chestnuts, Blue Roans, Red Roans, and Blacks.  
No Light Greys or Whites.

REQUIREMENTS: All horses must be in good condition, sound, of good conformation, free from blemishes or vice, and broken to harness or saddle.

# Heavy Draft Horses Wanted

For the Canadian Government

Heavy Draft Horses weighing up to 1550 pounds suitable for artillery and transport will be purchased.

Such horses must have good shoulders, deep in girth and back ribs, short backs well ribbed up and active. Horses with white strips in face will not be rejected.

Horses suitable for officers' chargers will be purchased. These must be solid color, good conformation, well broken and have good manners, height 15-1 to 16 hands, weight 1050 to 1250 pounds. Horses must have quality, be free walkers and move straight, neck reined horses preferred.

LIEUT. COL. A. D. MCRAE, Chief Commissioner for Remounts for the West.

Horses Will be inspected by

R. F. BEVAN, Government Remount Officer.

Stavelly, Thursday Forenoon, May 27  
Parkland, Thursday Afternoon, May 27

Oven is a wonderful baker. That's because the heat flues completely encircle it.

# McClary's Kootenay

Range satisfies the most exacting cook on every point. Let the McClary dealer demonstrate the fact.

MADE IN CANADA  
Sold by W. M. ROSS

EUROPEAN PLAN

\$1.00 PER DAY

Cecil Hotel



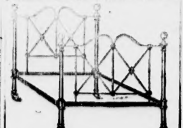
Cheapest and most comfortable  
HATS, new and display.  
Gloves at 82c and \$1.00, per pair.  
Can't be beat.

I Sell for CASH Only.

# Carl J. Braren

# IRON BED

R. S. Brereton  
COMPLETE HOUSE FURNISHINGS  
Claresholm • • Alberta



Two only. Size 4 ft. 6 in. \$4.25  
Reg. \$6. Sale Price...

All sizes. One only of each.  
Reg. \$4.25. Sale Price... \$3.15







# BUTTER WRAPPERS

Must Be Printed or Branded  
According to New Dairy Act

Our facilities for the printing of Butter Wrappers are equal to any found in the province. In prices, considering the quality, we are the lowest. Unless the cheaper grades are desired our prices are always for wrappers made of the best grade vegetable parchment paper, printed with Special Brine Proof, Non-poisonous Butter Wrapper Ink. We can supply the cheaper and imitation grades but we do not recommend them because they do not give the best satisfaction.

GET OUR PRICES

THE REVIEW  
"Printers of Quality"

## HELP YOUR NEIGHBOR TO REGAIN PROSPERITY

What a Nation of Self-headers Could  
do—All Are Interested in  
the Movement

The Kingston "Whig" had an editorial the other day which contains food for thought for all of us. We are all interested in the early return of prosperity, and if each will work along the lines suggested by the "Whig" there is no doubt that prosperous times will soon be with us again.

"The man that's able to work and is out of work is the kind of man that is determined to make it into a busy producer. This is a problem for practical people. We can't afford to leave this problem to the charitable organizations. Canada is a poor land for organized charity. This is no country of shams. It is a land of self-help. Suppose that for every man, woman and child in Canada a hundred dollars were spent every year in buying Canadian goods. Total \$800,000,000. That is more than half the total amount of goods turned out of Canadian factories. That eight hundred millions of goods made means more than \$150,000,000 paid out in wages. Add that \$150,000,000 to the gross amount of money spent for Canadian goods, and you add enough to keep the machine going as fast as possible to a peak load. Here in mid-land every dollar spent for Canadian goods adds at least 20 cents to the amount paid in wages. It means at least twenty cents more to spend for goods made in Canada. The man who gets the wages becomes a partner with the man who buys the goods, to keep up the grant total of goods made by the workers of Canada for Canadians. This is the practical side of self-help. It's the wages paid to the workers that represents the business done in the factories and the prosperity that affects everybody's pocket."

Buying Canadian made goods  
is not a fad. It's organized  
common sense. Only for-  
eigners can afford to ignore  
a policy that means our na-  
tional prosperity.

## BIG STORY, LITTLE TOWN

Concrete Illustration of What the  
"Made-in-Canada Idea Means

Some little towns tell big stories about industry. There is one down in Quebec; about thirty miles from Montreal. It's as pretty as a picture and as lively as a Maypole dance, and besides the half-dozen atomites factories that help to keep it booming. It has two enormous concerns, each of which spins a story for the average Canadian. One of these marvelous modern factories turns out sewing machines. The patents are held in the United States, but the wages and the profits and the cost of raw materials are paid in Canada. The sewing machine used to come in over a tariff wall. Now everything about that machine helps that little town to maintain its hundreds of workers. The wage bill of that factory runs into thousands upon thousands a week. When buying a sewing machine it might be easy to get one made abroad. It might be almost as good a machine as that made in the little town on the Quebec River. The reason that great factory was built at a cost of nearly a quarter of a million dollars was to make goods for Canadian homes by paying the wages of labor and the profits of industry to Canadians. It is a monument to the economic good sense of Canadians as expressed in the "Made-in-Canada" idea.

ITS as much the duty and to the advantage of every Canadian to buy goods made in Canada as for a Canadian soldier to fight for his own country instead of going over to the enemy.

## Buy Canadian Goods

Why should we consume foreign merchandise 'n this country when our workers make the same goods? If we buy foreign dry goods, foreign hardware, and foreign foods, what will we have left to supply our own market? Let us then buy as much as possible of goods made in Canada, and we will keep the money in our own country and relieve the distress of the unemployed.

## CONCENTRATED CIDER.

Not Apple Jack, But Apple Juice, Minus Water.

We have had dried apples—apples with the water squeezed out—now we are to have concentrated cider—the water removed. They are experimenting with the new product this year on the Pacific Coast. The new method, it is believed, makes possible the concentrating of cider in such a way that it will keep better than raw cider, and also be so reduced in bulk that it can be shipped profitably long distances from the apple growing regions. The old attempts to concentrate cider by boiling have failed because heat destroys the delicate flavor of cider. Under the new method nothing is taken from the cider but the water, and the resultant product is a thick liquid which contains all the apple juice products and which can be restored to excellent sweet cider by the simple addition of four parts of water. The shippers and consumers, therefore, avoid paying freight on water.

The process consists of freezing ordinary cider solid. The cider is then crushed and put into centrifugal machines such as are used in making cane sugar. The juice is whirled rapidly and the concentrated juice is thrown out and collected. The water remains in the machine as ice. At ordinary household refrigerator temperatures this syrup-like cider will keep perfectly for a month or six weeks, and it kept low temperatures in cold storage will keep for prolonged periods. At ordinary room temperatures it, of course, will keep a shorter time.

## Why Orama Objected.

Franklin Matthews represented a newspaper during the Boer war, and one day succeeded in breaking through the news censorship and reaching Field Marshal Buller. The interview was brief but extremely courteous, and the journalist corresponded hurried back to prepare the story for his paper. In the course of it he used this expression: "Field Marshal Orama is a brick."

The letter was duly passed along to the official translator, and presently Capt. Kanaka, of the English personal staff, called upon the correspondent.

"Field Marshal Orama presents his compliments," said the captain, suavely, "and begs to inform you that the correspondent that his honorable letter cannot be forwarded as written."

"Why, what's wrong with it?" cried the amazed war scribbler.

Capt. Kanaka explained with polite gravity.

"Field Marshal Orama," he said, "objects to having the great English-speaking public regard him as baked solid."

## Seizing the Opportunity.

Doctor—You have no reason to believe, madam, that your husband sold himself intentionally?

Madam—Oh, dear, no! It was purely accidental. But he is seriously ill now.

Doctor—Quite seriously, but I think we can save him.

Madam—What are you going to do now with all those horrid surgical instruments?

Doctor—We are going to probe for the bullet.

Madam—Yes? Well, doctor, while you are about it would you be good enough to see if you can't find a solid collar button I lent him last week and that he carelessly swallowed?

## "Dog Days."

How did the phrase "dog days" originate? It had its origin in ignorance and superstition. The ancient Romans called the six or eight hot weeks of summer "caniculae dies." According to their theory the dog star, or Sirius, rising with the sun, added to its heat and the dog days bore the combined heat of the dog star and the sun. The time was from July 1 to Aug. 1. Some make the time to extend from July 15 to Aug. 25 and others from July 14 to about Sept. 1. Sirius, the dog star, was so called because it was the brightest star in the constellation canis major, or the greater dog.

## Spartan Women.

Among the victims of the battle of Dumbfries were the two grandsons of the famous Russian journalist, Kallioff.

It is related that when Mrs. Kallioff was told her sons had fallen her first words were:

"Have we won the battle?"

Told yes, she said:

"Then I don't regret my sons' death, since they were useful to their country."

## A Casual Observation.

"We are living in an age of exceptional culture," said the woman with angular features.

"Maybe we are," said Farmer Cuntseel. "But I can't help noticing that people walk right up to the news stand to buy some pretty dirty stuff, while it takes a mighty good book agent to work out a set of Shakespeare."

## Southern Baked Cabbage.

Chop enough cabbage to make three cupfuls and boil tender. Mix two tablespoonfuls of butter, stir in a tablespoonful of flour, a tablespoonful of mustard, a tablespoonful of sugar, five tablespoonfuls of grated cheese and two cupfuls of water. Turn into a baking dish, lay over three slices of bacon and bake fifteen minutes.

## Spilled the Effect.

Allice was playing store with her youngest sister. Mother, asked to buy a purchaser, played well her part, but in saying good day stopped and kissed both children.

Sensitive Alice burst into tears.

"Oh, mamma," she wailed, "you've spoiled everything! You never kiss the man in the real store."

## LIST OF FAIRS

Exhibitions to be held in Alberta, with dates on which they occur:

Crossfield, June 28, 24.  
Calgary, June 29 to July 7.  
Okotoks, July 13, 14.  
High River, July 15, 16.  
Swainville, July 20, 21.  
Carleton, July 22.  
Grouse, July 20, 21.  
Macleod, August 3, 4, 5.  
Stavely, August 6.  
Nanton August 10, 11.  
Clareholme, August 12, 13.  
Carmangay, August 17, 18.  
Gleichen August 19, 20.  
Munson, August 24.  
Langdon, August 26.  
Edmonton, August 24, 25.  
Didsbury, August 12, 13.  
Vegreville, August 17, 18.  
Camrose, August 19, 20.  
Red Deer, August 17, 20.  
Lacombe, August 24, 25.  
Wetaskiwin, August 27, 28.  
Daysland, August 3, 4.  
Sedgewick, August 5.  
Provost, August 5.  
Charlton, August 14.  
Chinook, August 13.  
Stony Plain, August 17.  
Fallsand Reston, August 19.  
Canston, August 24, 25.  
Magrath, August 27, 28.  
Raymond, August 31, September 2.  
Collins, September 3.  
Edson, September 7.  
Nakamun, September 10.  
Esteville, September 14.  
Lethbridge, September 15, 17.  
Irwinville, September 21.  
Tabor, September 22, 23.  
Pincher Creek, September 24.  
Millerton, September 28.  
Pride and Millerville Sept. 30.  
Trochu, September 1.  
Strone Kilam, September 2.  
Wheatheaf, September 23.  
Cochrane, September 7, 8.  
Stettin, September 8, 10.  
Leduc, September 14.  
Hays, September 15.  
Innisfail, September 16, 17.  
Ponoka, September 21, 22.  
Constitution, September 23, 24.  
Alix, September 28.  
Consort, September 29, 30.  
Bowden, October 1.  
Bashaw, October 2.  
Gadsby, October 5.  
St. Albert, September 15, 16.  
Onoway, September 17.  
Lloydminster, September 21, 22.  
Ritsey, September 24.  
Vernillion, September 28, 29.  
Marville, October 1.  
Innisfail, October 4, 5.  
Pt. St. Catherine, October 7, 8.  
Lethbridge, September 14.  
Holden, September 15.  
Viking, September 16.  
Irma, September 17.  
Rocky Mountain House, September 20, 21.  
Three Hills, September 22.  
Olds, September 23, 24.  
Hanna, September 22, 23.  
Highland, September 24.  
St. Paul des Metis, Sept. 14, 15.  
Eliot, September 17.  
Berry Creek, September 24.  
Wetaskiwin, September 21.  
Paddle River, September 23.

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